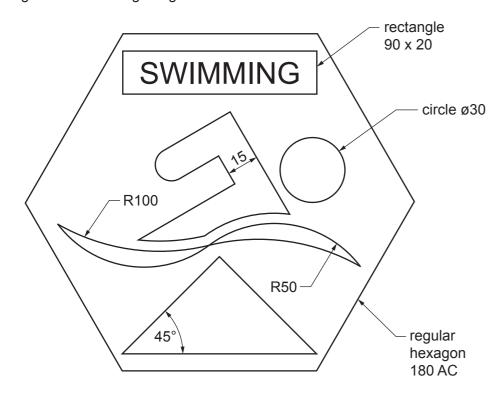
## **Section A**

Answer all questions in this section.

**A1** A design for a swimming badge is shown.



Complete the full-size drawing of the swimming badge by adding:

(a) the circle [1]

(b) the rectangle [2]

(c) the triangle [2]

-

(d) the hexagon [3]

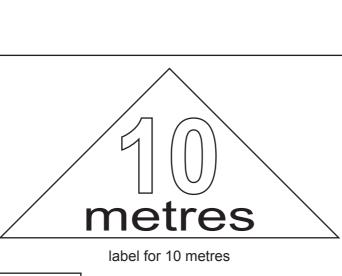
(f) the two curved waves. [4]

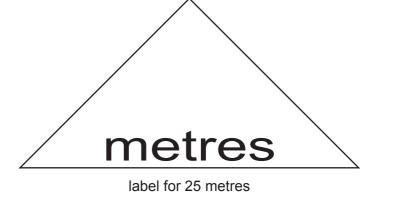
**A2** A label showing the distance that has been swum will be shown in the triangular part of the badge.

A label for 10 metres is shown.

(e) the arm and body of the swimmer

Complete the label for 25 metres by adding the numbers in a consistent size and style. [3]



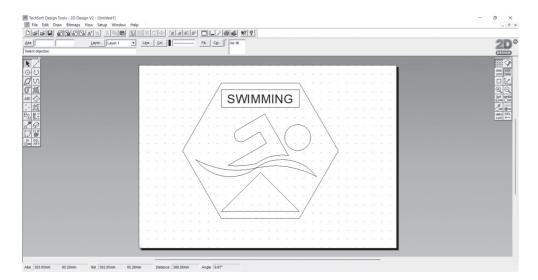


SWIMMING

[3]

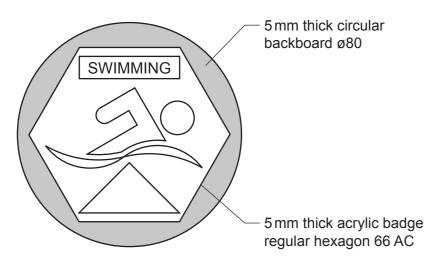
A3 The badge will be made of 5 mm acrylic sheet using a laser cutter.

A screenshot of the badge design drawn on CAD is shown.

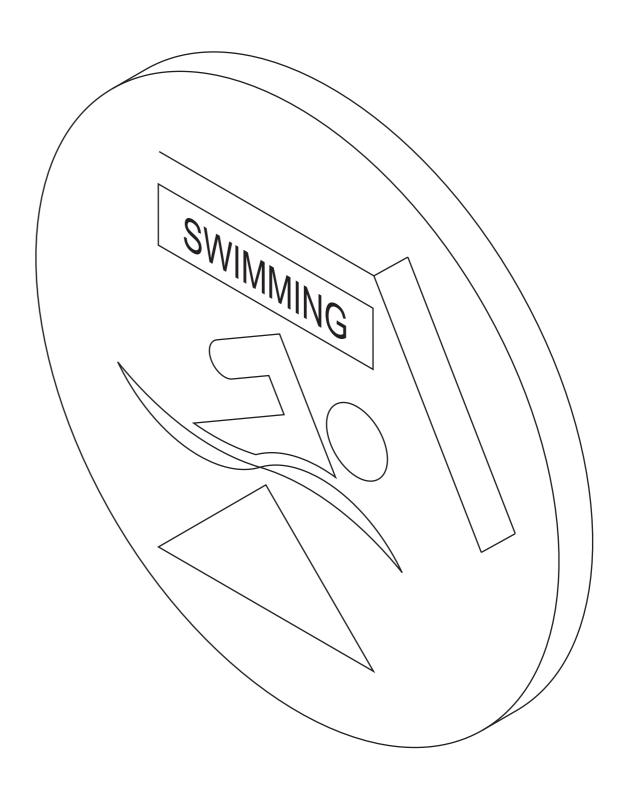


a)	Explain how you would modify the design so the laser cutter would cut the hexagonal outline and engrave the remainder of the design.	out
		[2]

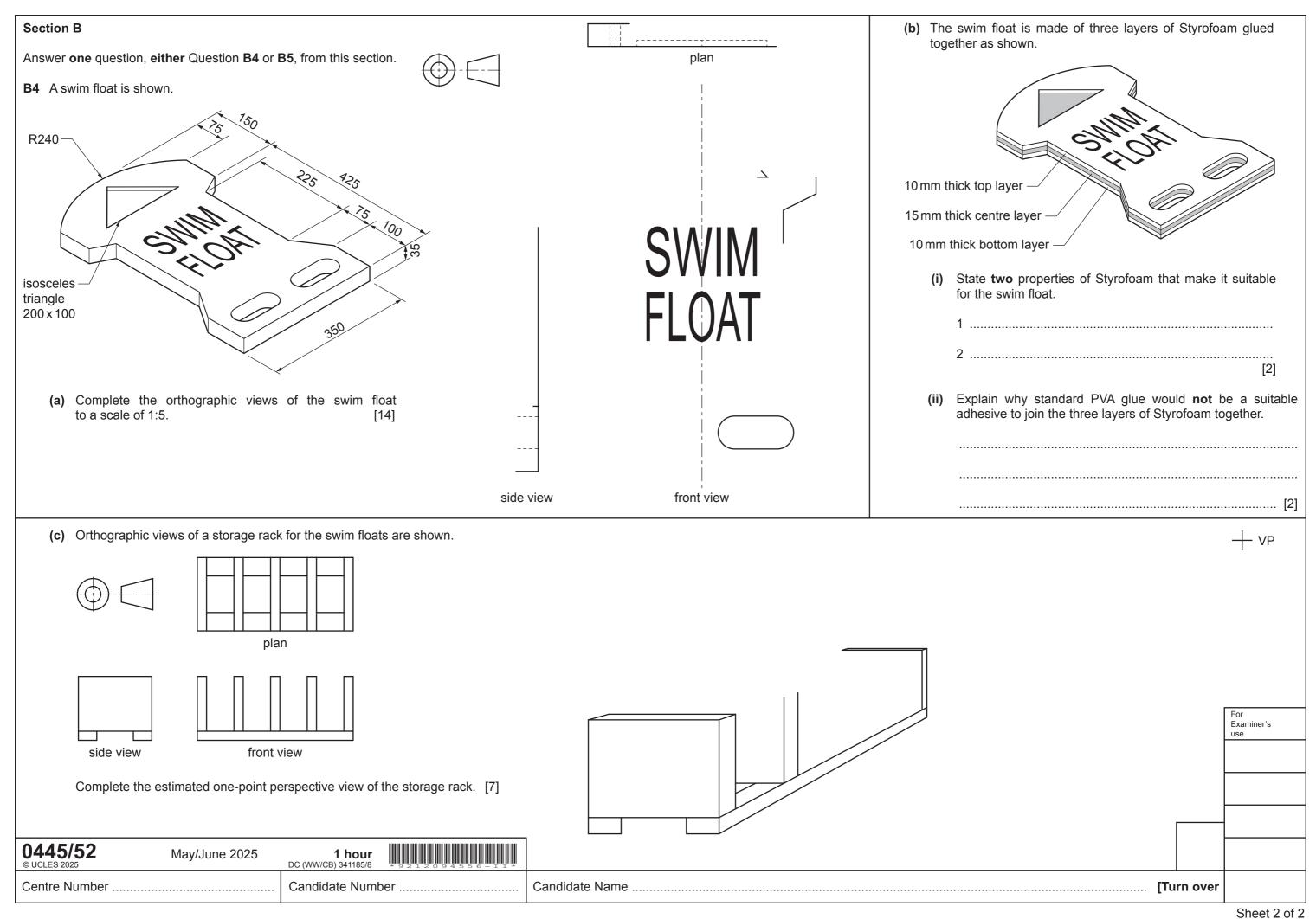
**(b)** The hexagonal badge design will be mounted onto a circular backboard as shown.



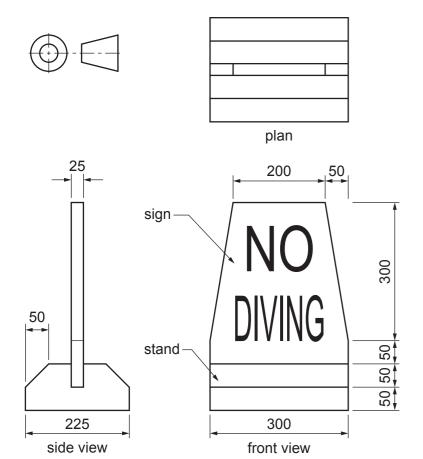
Complete the isometric view of the assembled badge to a scale of 2:1 by adding the hexagonal front piece. [5]



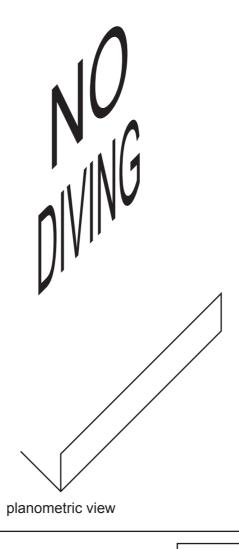
isometric view



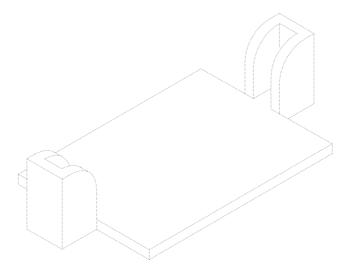
**B5** Orthographic views of a sign and stand are shown.



(a) Complete the planometric view of the sign and stand to a scale of 1:5. [12]



(b) An alternative design for the stand is shown.



(i) Apply thick and thin line technique to the design for the stand.

(ii) The stand will be made from three pieces of 5 mm thick acrylic sheet.

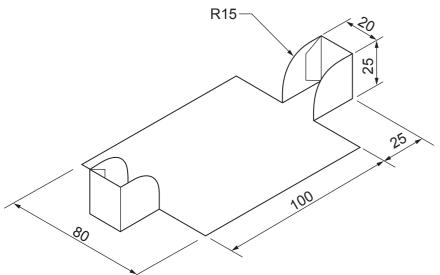
Name **one** suitable item of equipment for bending the side pieces of the stand to the required shape.

[5]

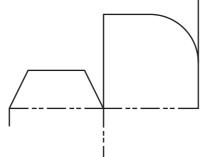
.....[1] (iii) State one suitable type of adhesive for joining the side pieces to the base.

**(c)** A model of the design for the alternative stand is shown.

The model is made from **one** piece of thin card.



Complete the full-size development (net) of the model.



[6]