

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/13

October/November 2019 Paper 1

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

There are 10 parts to Question 1.

For each of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

1 (a) Insurance paid by a business included \$400 relating to the owner's private house. This amount was **not** included in the income statement. Which accounting principle was applied? accruals (matching) В business entity C duality D prudence [1] **(b)** The following account appeared in Jacob's ledger. Cindy account Date Details \$ Date Details \$ 2019 2019 Aug 16 Returns 110 Aug 1 Balance b/d 450 390 29 Bank 441 14 **Purchases** Discount 9 31 Balance c/d 280 840 840 Which statement is correct? Cindy paid Jacob \$441 by cheque on 29 August. В Cindy purchased goods, \$390, on credit from Jacob on 14 August. C Jacob allowed Cindy \$9 cash discount on 29 August. D Jacob owed Cindy \$450 on 1 August. [1] (c) What is **not** a requirement of the accounting objective of reliability? Α information must be available in time for decisions to be made information must be free from bias В C information must be free from errors D information must be prepared with suitable caution applied to any judgement [1]

(d)	On 2 September Tumelo purchased goods on credit, list price \$4200, less trade discount of 20% and a cash discount of 2% if the invoice was paid within 30 days.						
	On	5 September Tumelo returned one-third of the goods to the supplier.					
	Whi	ch amount did Tumelo enter in his purchases returns journal?					
	Α	\$1092					
	В	\$1120					
	С	\$1372					
	D	\$1400		[1]			
(e)	Whi	ch statements about debentures are correct?					
	1	Debentures carry a fixed rate of interest.					
	2	Debentures do not carry voting rights.					
	3	Debenture holders are members of the company.					
	4	Debenture interest depends on the profit of the company.					
	Α	1 and 2					
	В	1 and 4					
	С	2 and 3					
	D	3 and 4		[1]			
(f)	The	totals of a trial balance did not agree.					
	Whi	ch error caused this?					
	Α	A cheque paid to Hong for \$500 had been credited to the account of Heng.					
	В	An invoice for goods purchased, \$50, was entered in the purchases journal as \$500.					
	С	Goods sold on credit to Gemma, \$500, were debited to the account of Gina.					
	D	Rent paid by cheque, \$500, was debited to the rent receivable account.		[1]			

(g)	Sally p	rovided the follow	ving information		nd of	her fir	nancial ye	ar.			
	O Cl Pt	evenue pening inventory losing inventory urchases xpenses		\$ 44 000 3 000 1 000 32 000 6 000							
	What v	was Sally's perce	ntage of gross	profit to re	evenu	e (gro	ss profit	margi	n)?		
	A 9.	09%									
	B 11	.76%									
	C 22	2.73%									
	D 29	9.41%									[1]
(h)	A food	retailer purchase	d a computer a	and debite	ed the	cost	to the pur	chase	es ac	count	
	What v	was the effect on	the profit for the	e year an	d the	non-c	urrent as	sets?			
		profit for	the year	non	CULTE	ent ass	ente				
		overstated	understated	oversta			erstated				
	Α	1		1							
	В	1					✓				
	С		1	/							
	D		1				✓				, [11
(i)	Llacas	n's trial balance d	id not bolonce						مما		[1]
(-7	It was	found that the tot d to the discount a journal entry corr	al of the discou	unt receiv nt in the le	ed co	lumn		•		173, h	nad been
		d	etails		debi	it	cred \$	it			
	A	discount allowed discount received suspense			173 173		346	,			
	В	discount receiv	ed		173	3	173				
	С	suspense discount al	lowed		173	}	173				
	D	suspense discount al	lowed		346	3	173				

[1]

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discount received

(J)	Beketele's linancial year ends on 31 December. On 1 January 2015 she purchased a machine
	costing \$18000. The machine was depreciated by 15% per annum using the straight line
	(equal instalment) method. The machine was sold on 1 January 2019.

What was the book value of the machine on the date of sale?

Α	\$4500		
В	\$7200		
С	\$10800		
D	\$13500		[1]

[Total: 10]

2 Aisha is a retailer. She buys goods on credit from Kadir, a wholesaler. They exchanged several documents during September 2019.

The following incomplete document was issued on 18 September 2019.

Credit Note						
	Kadir 123 West View Some City					
Aisha 14 Straigh	at Row					
14 Straight Row Anywhere 18 September 2019						
Quantity	Description	Unit price \$	Amount \$			
70	Suits assorted sizes	(i)	4130			
	Less 20% Trade discount		<u>(ii)</u>			
	Reason for issue: Correcting overcharge on goods supplied on 4 September 2019		(iii) <u> </u>			

REQUIRED

(a)	Insert the missing figures in (i) – (iii) in the above document.	[3]
(b)	Name the person who issued the above document.	
	[[1]
(c)	Suggest one reason why a credit note may be issued other than correcting an overcharge	} -
	[[1]
(d)	State why it was necessary to deduct trade discount on the credit note.	
	[[1]
(e)	Name the book of prime (original) entry in which each trader would record the credit note.	
	book of prime (original) entry used by Aisha book of prime (original) entry used by Kadir	

[2]

On 1 September 2019 Aisha owed Kadir \$3400.

During September 2019 Aisha and Kadir exchanged the following documents (in addition to the credit note).

September 4 Invoice for goods, \$8960

- 13 Debit note, \$3540, claiming overcharge for goods supplied on 4 September
- 27 Cheque to settle balance outstanding on 1 September less 2% cash discount
- 30 Statement of account showing a closing balance of \$5656

REQUIRED

(f) Name the book of prime (original) entry in which Aisha would record these documents. If the document is not recorded in a book of prime (original) entry, write 'no entry'.

document	book of prime (original) entry used by Aisha
invoice	
debit note	
cheque	
statement of account	

[4]

(g) Prepare the account of Kadir as it would appear in the ledger of Aisha for the month of September 2019.

Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 October 2019.

Aisha Kadir account

Date 2019	Details	\$ Date 2019	Details	\$

							[7]
h)	State the	name of the ledger in	which Aish	na would i	maintain Kadir's acco	ount.	
							[1]
						[To	otal: 20]

3 Timothy is a trader who buys and sells on both cash and credit terms. He maintains a full set of accounting records and prepares monthly control accounts.

REQUIRED

(a) State two advantages to Timothy of preparing monthly control accounts.			
	1		
	2		
			[2]
(b)	Name the book of prime (original) entry winformation when preparing his purchases le	_	he following
		book of prime (original) entry	
	purchases returns		
	contra entry		
	discount received		
	interest charged on overdue account		
(c)	State the meaning of a contra entry in connectate why Timothy made a contra entry. Meaning		
	Reason		
			[2]
(d)	State two reasons why it is possible for Ti ledger control account.	mothy to have a debit balance on hi	s purchases
	1		
	2		
			[2]

Timothy provided the following information for October 2019.

On 1 October	\$
Debit balance on sales ledger control account Credit balance on sales ledger control account	6530 110
Totals for the month of October	
Credit sales Cash sales Receipts from credit customers Discount allowed to credit customers Discount received from credit suppliers Returns by credit customers Bad debts written off Increase in provision for doubtful debts Contra entry Interest charged on a credit customer's overdue account	7860 3850 5782 118 246 285 260 170 300 15
On 1 November	
Debit balance on sales ledger control account Credit balance on sales ledger control account	? 80

REQUIRED

(e) Select the relevant figures and prepare the sales ledger control account for the month of October 2019.

Balance the account and bring down the balances on 1 November 2019.

Timothy
Sales ledger control account

Date 2019	Details	\$	Date 2019	Details	\$
Oct 1	Balance b/d	6530	Oct 1	Balance b/d	110

[9]

[Total: 19]

Question 4 is on the next page.

4 Abiola started a business on 1 September 2017. On that date she opened a business bank account with a capital of \$40 000 and a loan of \$10 000. On the same day she purchased inventory, \$6600, and fixtures and fittings, \$11 750, paying by bank transfer.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare a journal entry, to include all the above information, to open the books of the business on 1 September 2017.

A narrative is required.

Abiola General Journal

Date 2017	Details	Debit \$	Credit \$
Sept 1			

(b)	State why it is useful to show a narrative as part of a journal entry.		
	12		

[5]

The following transactions took place on 1 March 2018.

- 1 Abiola transferred her private motor vehicle to the business at a valuation of \$12000.
- 2 Abiola took goods, \$450, from the business for personal use.

REQUIRED

(c) Prepare journal entries to record the transactions of 1 March 2018. Narratives are **not** required.

Abiola General Journal

	Date 2018	Details	Debit \$	Credit \$
1	Mar 1			
2	Mar 1			

[4]

Abiola rents premises at an annual rent of \$6000, payable on the first of each month.

She provided the following information.

2018

September 1 Rent payable accrued

500

\$

The following amounts of rent were paid by bank transfer.

2018

September 2 3000

2019

 February
 3
 3000

 August
 6
 1500

REQUIRED

(d) Prepare the rent payable account in the ledger of Abiola for the year ended 31 August 2019. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 September 2019.

Abiola Rent payable account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(e)	Explain how the accounting principle of accruals (matching) was applied in the preparation of the rent payable account.
	[2]

[5]

Abiola receives commission from another trader when Abiola's customers purchase goods from his shop.

Abiola provided the following information.

\$
2018
September 1 Commission receivable outstanding 350

The following amounts of commission were received by bank transfer.

2018 September 30		350
2019 January	31	425
•		
April	30	395
July	31	470

On 31 August 2019 commission receivable outstanding amounted to \$310.

REQUIRED

(f) Prepare the commission receivable account in the ledger of Abiola for the year ended 31 August 2019.

Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 September 2019.

Abiola Commission receivable account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

[5]

[Total: 23]

- 5 The KW Sports Club has 50 members. The annual subscription is \$85. The financial year ends on 30 September. The treasurer prepares a full set of financial statements at the end of each financial year.
 - On 1 October 2018 subscriptions had been prepaid by 14 members.

On 30 September 2019 subscriptions had been prepaid by 10 members and 22 members had not paid their subscription for the year.

REQUIRED

(a)	State the meaning of the word 'subscriptions' in connection with clubs and societies.	
		[1]
(b)	Calculate the subscriptions received during the year ended 30 September 2019.	
(c)	Discuss the possible effects on the bank account and the income and expenditure account KW Sports Club if the annual subscription was increased to \$105.	[5]
(c)	Discuss the possible effects on the bank account and the income and expenditure account	. [5] nt of
(c)	Discuss the possible effects on the bank account and the income and expenditure account KW Sports Club if the annual subscription was increased to \$105.	. [5]
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(c)	Discuss the possible effects on the bank account and the income and expenditure account KW Sports Club if the annual subscription was increased to \$105.	. [5]

(u)	payments account.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]
	income and expenditure account for the year ended 30 September 2019 showed a deficit. r the preparation of the account it was found that several errors had been made.
REG	QUIRED

(e) Complete the table by placing a tick (✓) in the correct column to indicate the **effect of each error** on the deficit for the year.

If the error does not affect the deficit place a tick (\checkmark) in the column headed 'no effect'.

	effect of error on the deficit		
error	overstated	understated	no effect
the total of the income from a sports competition was understated			
no entry had been made for bank charges			
proceeds of sale of club equipment were included in the income			
no adjustment was made of club shop wages accrued at the year-end			
shop rent was charged to the income and expenditure account instead of the shop income statement			

[5]

PLEASE TURN OVER

6 Amrit runs a secretarial agency. His financial year ends on 31 July. He prepared the following trial balance on 31 July 2019.

	\$	\$
Fees from clients		58800
Premises (at cost)	90000	
Office equipment (at cost)	16000	
Provision for depreciation of office equipment		3200
Capital		85000
Drawings	11 500	
5% Loan (repayable 1 February 2020)		15000
Trade receivables	4650	
Provision for doubtful debts		100
Bad debts	80	
Insurance	2100	
Wages	38 000	
Operating expenses	6500	
Rent receivable		3000
Bank		3730
	168 830	168 830

The following information is available.

- 1 The insurance covers a period of 14 months to 30 September 2019.
- 2 At 31 July 2019 wages, \$1500, were accrued and one year's loan interest was outstanding.
- 3 A debt of \$150 should be written off as irrecoverable.
- 4 The provision for doubtful debts should be maintained at 3% of the remaining trade receivables.
- 5 The office equipment is to be depreciated at 20% per annum using the reducing (diminishing) balance method.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the income statement for the year ended 31 July 2019.

Amrit Income Statement for the year ended 31 July 2019

\$	\$

[14]

Amrit is considering several proposals to try to increase his working capital.

REQUIRED

(b) Complete the table by placing a tick (✓) in the correct column to indicate how **each** proposal would affect Amrit's working capital.

	increase	decrease	no effect
extend the loan for a further 2 years			
ask the bank to extend the overdraft facility			
purchase new office equipment on credit			

[3]

(c)	Suggest two possible reasons why Amrit's return on capital employed (ROCE) was higher on
	31 July 2019 than it was on 31 July 2018.

1.	 	
•		
2		
۷.	 	
		121

On 1 August 2019 Amrit decided to admit his sister, Neena, to the business as a partner.

The partnership agreement provided for the following:

interest on capital of 4% per annum interest on drawings of 3% Amrit to be entitled to a partnership salary of \$6000 per annum profits and losses to be shared Amrit 60% and Neena 40%.

Amrit made an adjustment to his capital so that it equalled \$80000.

Neena invested \$60 000.

It was estimated that the profit for the first year of trading would be \$15500.

It was estimated that the partners' drawings during the first year of trading would be Amrit \$7000 and Neena \$5000.

REQUIRED

(d)	State two advantages to Amrit of being a partner rather than a sole trader.				
(e)	State two disadvar	ntages to Amrit of being a partner	rather than a so	le trader.	
	1				
(f)	Complete the estim	nated profit and loss appropriation	account for the y	ear ending 31 July	2020
	Estimated Profit a	Amrit and Neena and Loss Appropriation Account for	or the year ending	31 July 2020	
E	stimated profit for th	ne year	\$	\$ 15500	
In	terest on drawings	Amrit			
		Neena			
In	terest on capital	Amrit			
		Neena			
_					
Р	artnership salary	Amrit			
9	hare of profit/loss	Amrit			
3	nate of profit/loss	Neena			
					[6]

[Total: 29]

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