



# Cambridge IGCSE™

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**GLOBAL PERSPECTIVES**

**0457/12**

Paper 1 Written Examination

**March 2021**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 70

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the March 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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This document consists of **19** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

**Social Science-Specific Marking Principles  
(for point-based marking)****1 Components using point-based marking:**

- Point marking is often used to reward knowledge, understanding and application of skills. We give credit where the candidate's answer shows relevant knowledge, understanding and application of skills in answering the question. We do not give credit where the answer shows confusion.

From this it follows that we:

- a DO credit answers which are worded differently from the mark scheme if they clearly convey the same meaning (unless the mark scheme requires a specific term)
- b DO credit alternative answers/examples which are not written in the mark scheme if they are correct
- c DO credit answers where candidates give more than one correct answer in one prompt/numbered/scaffolded space where extended writing is required rather than list-type answers. For example, questions that require  $n$  reasons (e.g. State two reasons ...).
- d DO NOT credit answers simply for using a 'key term' unless that is all that is required. (Check for evidence it is understood and not used wrongly.)
- e DO NOT credit answers which are obviously self-contradicting or trying to cover all possibilities
- f DO NOT give further credit for what is effectively repetition of a correct point already credited unless the language itself is being tested. This applies equally to 'mirror statements' (i.e. polluted/not polluted).
- g DO NOT require spellings to be correct, unless this is part of the test. However spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. Corrasion/Corrosion)

**2 Presentation of mark scheme:**

- Slashes (/) or the word 'or' separate alternative ways of making the same point.
- Semi colons (;) bullet points (•) or figures in brackets (1) separate different points.
- Content in the answer column in brackets is for examiner information/context to clarify the marking but is not required to earn the mark (except Accounting syllabuses where they indicate negative numbers).

**3 Calculation questions:**

- The mark scheme will show the steps in the most likely correct method(s), the mark for each step, the correct answer(s) and the mark for each answer
- If working/explanation is considered essential for full credit, this will be indicated in the question paper and in the mark scheme. In all other instances, the correct answer to a calculation should be given full credit, even if no supporting working is shown.
- Where the candidate uses a valid method which is not covered by the mark scheme, award equivalent marks for reaching equivalent stages.
- Where an answer makes use of a candidate's own incorrect figure from previous working, the 'own figure rule' applies: full marks will be given if a correct and complete method is used. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

**4 Annotation:**

- For point marking, ticks can be used to indicate correct answers and crosses can be used to indicate wrong answers. There is no direct relationship between ticks and marks. Ticks have no defined meaning for levels of response marking.
- For levels of response marking, the level awarded should be annotated on the script.
- Other annotations will be used by examiners as agreed during standardisation, and the meaning will be understood by all examiners who marked that paper.

**Introduction**

Most questions are marked holistically using levels of response mark schemes. The marks awarded for an answer are usually based on a judgement of the overall quality of the response, rather than on awarding marks for specific points and accumulating a total mark by adding points.

Inevitably, the mark scheme cannot cover all responses that candidates may make for all of the questions. In some cases candidates may make very strong responses which the mark scheme has not predicted. These answers should nevertheless be credited according to their quality.

**Levels of response**

For answers marked by levels of response, the following is intended to describe the quality of the response required (level of skill that should be demonstrated) for the award of marks at different points in the mark range for the question.

In the levels of response mark scheme positive achievement is being rewarded.  
For answers marked by levels of response:

- a Marking grids describe the top of each level.
- b **To determine the level** – start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer.
- c **To determine the mark within the level**, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level
Meets the criteria but with some slight inconsistency	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level

**Mark scheme**

All of the questions are based on sources which are available to candidates as an Insert to the examination paper. It is therefore very important to study this material prior to marking to become familiar with the context of the questions.

**Annotations**

**All scripts and questions must be annotated to show how and where marks have been awarded.**

For scripts marked on RM Assessor, a selection of the following on-screen annotations are available.

<b>Annotation</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
	Correct, creditworthy point
<b>Eval</b>	Evaluation
	Development
	Benefit of doubt given
	Incorrect point
	Unclear/confused point
<b>JU</b>	Justification
	Omission mark, more required
<b>I</b>	Interpretation
Vertical wavy line	Irrelevant
	Highlighter
<b>REP</b>	Repetition
	Comment Box
<b>NAQ</b>	Not answered question

The number of ticks used does not need to tally with the mark achieved. **Every question must be annotated in some way.** The mark scheme indicates the most likely annotation to be used with each question.

Annotation should be within the candidate's text rather than in the margin.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	<p><b>Main Annotations</b>   </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 42 per cent.</li> </ul> <p>1 mark should be awarded for identifying the above.</p> <p><i>Further guidance – the only acceptable answer is listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.</i></p>	<b>1</b>
1(b)	<p><b>Main Annotations</b>   </p> <p>Candidates may identify the following challenges from Source 2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensuring access to secondary education.</li> <li>• Living with conflict.</li> <li>• War.</li> <li>• A lack of government spending on young people.</li> <li>• Inequality.</li> <li>• Poverty.</li> <li>• Creating sustainable development.</li> <li>• Finding good quality employment.</li> <li>• A lack of political representation for young people.</li> </ul> <p>1 mark should be awarded for each correctly identified challenge up to a maximum of 2 marks.</p> <p><i>Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.</i></p>	<b>2</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	<p data-bbox="316 286 813 320"><b>Main Annotations</b>    </p> <p data-bbox="316 353 550 387">Indicative content</p> <p data-bbox="316 421 1053 454">Candidates may identify one of the following challenges:</p> <ul data-bbox="316 459 1021 772" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensuring access to secondary education.</li> <li>• Living with conflict.</li> <li>• War.</li> <li>• A lack of government spending on young people.</li> <li>• Inequality.</li> <li>• Poverty.</li> <li>• Creating sustainable development.</li> <li>• Finding good quality employment.</li> <li>• A lack of political representation for young people.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 806 1292 873">Candidates may give the following reasons, any of which could be used, to justify their choice:</p> <ul data-bbox="316 907 1125 1153" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Has greatest impact.</li> <li>• Affects most people.</li> <li>• Ethically or morally most significant.</li> <li>• Has multiple positive consequences if solved.</li> <li>• Creates a vicious circle.</li> <li>• Affects other aspects of life for young people and society.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1187 1268 1321"><i>Further guidance – candidates are most likely to discuss challenges from the source as listed above. However, the assessment is focused mainly upon their reasoning / justification and therefore alternative challenges should be credited.</i></p> <p data-bbox="316 1355 1165 1388">The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p data-bbox="316 1422 1308 1489"><b>Level 3 (3 marks) Good response</b> Clear and credible explanation of the significance of the challenge identified.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1523 1268 1624"><b>Level 2 (2 marks) Reasonable response</b> Basic or partial explanation of the significance of the challenge identified; the explanation may be implicit or unclear at times.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1657 1189 1758"><b>Level 1 (1 mark) Limited response</b> A challenge is identified; there may be some limited explanation of significance.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1792 917 1859"><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b> No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p>	3

Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	<p data-bbox="316 286 564 315"><b>Main Annotations</b>    </p> <p data-bbox="316 353 549 383">Indicative content</p> <p data-bbox="316 421 1246 488">Candidates are likely to identify the following reasons drawing upon the information in Sources 1,2 and 3:</p> <ul data-bbox="316 526 1230 840" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Young people are a large proportion of the global population.</li> <li>• Young people are vulnerable and need to be protected/prioritised.</li> <li>• Young people are the future.</li> <li>• Young people face many important challenges.</li> <li>• Young people care about global issues.</li> <li>• Some global affect young people more than other age groups.</li> <li>• Prioritising young people would support world development and economic growth.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 878 1161 907">The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p data-bbox="316 945 815 974"><b>Level 3 (5–6 marks) Good response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 981 1310 1070">Clearly reasoned, credible and structured explanation of priority; usually two (or more) developed arguments clearly linked to the issue; or three (or more) undeveloped reasons. The governmental dimension is explicit.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1108 903 1137"><b>Level 2 (3–4 marks) Reasonable response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1144 1299 1272">Some reasoned explanation of priority; usually one (or more) developed argument(s) with some link to the issue, but may be implicit at times; or two (or more) undeveloped reasons. The governmental dimension is implicit at times.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1310 842 1339"><b>Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1346 1310 1473">Limited reasoning and explanation of priority; the response is likely to contain only simple, undeveloped and asserted points. Arguments may be tangential, partial, generalised and lack clarity. The governmental dimension may not be discussed.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1512 555 1541"><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1547 922 1576">No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	<p data-bbox="316 286 564 315"><b>Main Annotations</b></p> <p data-bbox="571 264 877 309">      </p> <p data-bbox="316 353 549 383">Indicative content</p> <p data-bbox="316 421 1270 483">Candidates are likely to discuss the following evaluative points relating to Source 3:</p> <p data-bbox="316 521 464 551"><b>Strengths:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 562 1034 763" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uses a range of sources as evidence.</li> <li>• Uses expert sources from reputable organisations.</li> <li>• Acknowledges counter arguments.</li> <li>• Reports positively about young people.</li> <li>• Reasonable tone.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 801 504 831"><b>Weaknesses:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 842 798 1043" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Some assertion.</li> <li>• Some appeal to emotion.</li> <li>• Little factual/statistical evidence.</li> <li>• Some repetition.</li> <li>• Some stereotyping.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1081 1163 1111">The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p data-bbox="316 1149 815 1178"><b>Level 3 (5–6 marks) Good response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1189 1007 1218">Clearly reasoned, credible and structured evaluation.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1256 1299 1350">Two (or more) developed points clearly linked to the issue, with some other undeveloped points; or a wide range (four or more) of undeveloped points may be sufficient to reach this level.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1388 1315 1518">Evaluation is clearly focused on the evidence and reasoning, their strengths and/or weaknesses and the way they are used to support the claim. There is clear reference to the evidence and reasons in the source e.g. quotation/summary</p> <p data-bbox="316 1556 903 1585"><b>Level 2 (3–4 marks) Reasonable response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1597 1294 1720">Reasonable evaluation mainly focused on the evidence and reasoning, its strengths and/or weaknesses, and the way they are used to support the claim. There may be some lack of clarity and the answer may be difficult to follow at times.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1758 1294 1852">The response may contain one (or more) developed point(s), with some other undeveloped points. Some (two or more) undeveloped points may be sufficient to reach this level.</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	<p><b>Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited response</b> Limited evaluation which is often unsupported and asserted. The response may be tangential, partial, generalised and lack clarity. It contains one or two undeveloped points only. Answers at this level may repeat or copy source material with little understanding or interpretation.</p> <p><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b> No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	<p data-bbox="316 257 877 313"><b>Main Annotations</b> ✓  ✗  ?</p> <p data-bbox="316 347 550 380">Indicative content</p> <p data-bbox="316 414 1316 481">Candidates are likely to discuss the following ways to test the claim stated in Source 3.</p> <p data-bbox="316 515 742 548"><b>Possible types of information:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 548 1117 728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Statistics/information on attitudes of elderly people.</li> <li>• Data from social surveys.</li> <li>• Individual testimony or personal experience.</li> <li>• Material from organisations that work with elderly people.</li> <li>• Other relevant response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 761 774 795"><b>Possible sources of information:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 795 1141 1041" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• National and local governments and their departments.</li> <li>• International organisations, e.g. United Nations; UNESCO.</li> <li>• Experts in views of elderly people.</li> <li>• Research reports.</li> <li>• Pressure groups, charities and NGOs.</li> <li>• Media and the internet.</li> <li>• Other relevant response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1075 582 1108"><b>Possible methods:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 1108 1165 1321" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review of secondary sources/literature/research/documents.</li> <li>• Interview relevant experts, elderly people.</li> <li>• Internet search.</li> <li>• Questionnaires.</li> <li>• Surveys.</li> <li>• Other relevant response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1355 758 1388">The claim contains two elements:</p> <ul data-bbox="316 1422 1165 1500" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The thinking of older people about young people’s behaviour</li> <li>• The behaviour of young people</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1534 1173 1568">Candidates may test either or both of these elements of the claim.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1601 1165 1635">The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p data-bbox="316 1668 885 1702"><b>Level 4 (7–8 marks) Very good response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1702 1260 1769">Clearly reasoned, credible and structured explanation of a wide range of ways to test the claim. Explanation is generally developed.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1803 1157 1836">The response is clearly and explicitly related to testing the claim.</p>	8

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	<p><b>Level 3 (5–6 marks) Good response</b> Reasoned and mainly credible explanation of a range of ways to test the claim. Explanation is developed at times.</p> <p>The response is mainly explicitly related to testing the claim.</p> <p><b>Level 2 (3–4 marks) Reasonable response</b> Some explanation of some ways to test the claim. The response may lack clarity and be difficult to follow at times. Explanation is mainly undeveloped.</p> <p>The response is implicitly related to testing the claim and may be a list of methods, sources and types of information.</p> <p><b>Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited response</b> Limited explanation of ways to test the claim. The response contains one or two simple, undeveloped and asserted points.</p> <p>There is little relevance in the response to testing the claim or the methods, sources and types of information are generally not appropriate for the claim being tested.</p> <p><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b> No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p> <p><i>Further Guidance</i> <i>Responses that do not link explicitly to the issue/context and are simply a list of research methods/sources/types of information should not score higher than Level 2.</i></p>	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<p><b>Main Annotations</b>   </p> <p>Indicative content</p> <p>A value judgement is a belief or view based upon moral or ethical principles of right and wrong.</p> <p>Candidates may identify one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To make good decisions different points of view need to be considered.</li> <li>• It is important that politicians listen to young people.</li> <li>• It is right to give young people a chance.</li> <li>• It is right to let young people contribute to government.</li> </ul> <p>Award 1 mark for correctly identifying a value judgement from the list above.</p> <p>Award an additional 1 mark for a response that demonstrates a clear understanding of a value judgement.</p> <p><i>Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.</i></p>	<b>2</b>
3(b)(i)	<p><b>Main Annotations</b>  </p> <p>Indicative content</p> <p>A fact is something which is true or accurate and can be verified.</p> <p>Candidates may identify one of the following facts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It is part of our culture to respect older people.</li> <li>• Older people have looked after younger people.</li> <li>• Older people have many years of experience.</li> <li>• Studies in Psychology show that people have more confidence in older people.</li> <li>• People trust old people more.</li> <li>• Grandfather says that maturity/understanding come from the journey of life.</li> </ul> <p>1 mark should be awarded for identifying one of the above.</p> <p><i>Further guidance – the only acceptable answers are listed above. However, candidates may use their own words.</i></p>	<b>1</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(ii)	<p data-bbox="316 264 885 315"><b>Main Annotations</b> ✓ ✗ ⏏ ? BOD</p> <p data-bbox="316 349 1267 421">Examples of the points that could be made when explaining how well the prediction supports the argument:</p> <ul data-bbox="316 454 1214 629" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Very good support as this fact is based on evidence or research.</li> <li>• Some support as the fact is relevant to the argument.</li> <li>• Not much support as the fact is out-of-date.</li> <li>• Limited support as it is not relevant to the argument.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 663 1254 698">Use the following levels of response to award a maximum of two marks.</p> <p data-bbox="316 732 783 768"><b>Level 2 (2 marks) Good response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 768 1310 831">A fact is identified correctly and there is clear evaluation of how well the fact supports the argument. The evaluation is related to the argument.</p> <p data-bbox="316 864 871 900"><b>Level 1 (1 marks) Reasonable response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 900 1318 1003">A fact is identified correctly and there is some evaluation of how well the fact supports the argument. The response may lack clarity. The evaluation is mainly descriptive and only implicitly related to the argument.</p> <p data-bbox="316 1037 560 1072"><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1072 1294 1108">There is no relevant evaluation of how well the fact supports the argument.</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
3(c)	<p data-bbox="316 264 885 315"><b>Main Annotations</b> ✓ ✗ ⬆️ ? BOD</p> <p data-bbox="316 349 550 383">Indicative content</p> <p data-bbox="316 421 1305 555">Candidates are expected to evaluate the arguments presented in Source 4 and compare their effectiveness. They should make a supported judgement with some explanation about which person has the most convincing argument.</p> <p data-bbox="316 589 1054 622">Candidates may support their judgement by considering:</p> <p data-bbox="316 622 635 656"><b>Strength of reasoning:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 656 491 790" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• logic</li> <li>• structure</li> <li>• balance</li> <li>• claims</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 831 555 864"><b>Use of language:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 864 930 931" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tone – emotive, exaggerated, precise, rant</li> <li>• clarity</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 972 459 1005"><b>Evidence:</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 1005 1161 1252" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• range of information and depth</li> <li>• relevance</li> <li>• sufficiency – sample</li> <li>• source – media; internet</li> <li>• date – how recent</li> <li>• different types of information – fact, opinion, value, anecdote</li> <li>• testimony – from experience and expert</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1285 539 1319"><b>Sources of bias</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 1319 584 1464" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• local interest</li> <li>• economic</li> <li>• personal values</li> <li>• experience</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1496 975 1529"><b>Possible consequences of the ideas presented</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1563 847 1597"><b>Acceptability of their values to others</b></p> <ul data-bbox="316 1597 1193 1630" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• how likely other people are to agree with their perspective/view</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="316 1664 1161 1697">The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p data-bbox="316 1731 916 1765"><b>Level 5 (13–15 marks) Very good response</b></p> <p data-bbox="316 1765 1265 1865">Clear, credible and well supported points about which argument is more convincing. Coherent, structured evaluation of both arguments with clear comparison.</p>	15

Question	Answer	Marks
3(c)	<p>The response contains three (or more) developed evaluative points, and may include some undeveloped points. Material from the sources is used as evidence to support the evaluation; clear reference to the evidence and/or arguments in the source e.g. quotation/summary of ideas.</p> <p>A clear judgement is reached.</p> <p><b>Level 4 (10–12 marks) Good response</b> Clear, supported points about which argument is more convincing. Evaluation of both arguments, with comparison.</p> <p>The response contains two (or more) developed evaluative points and may include some undeveloped points. A wide range (four or more) of undeveloped but clearly appropriate points may be sufficient to enter this band at the lower level. Material from the sources is used as evidence to support the evaluation; some reference to the evidence and/or arguments in the source e.g. quotation/summary of ideas.</p> <p>A judgment is reached.</p> <p><b>Level 3 (7–9 marks) Reasonable response</b> Reasonable points about which argument is more convincing. Some evaluation of both arguments, with an attempt at comparison or evaluation of only one argument. Some judgements and evaluative points are partially supported or asserted.</p> <p>One (or more) developed evaluative points, possibly with some undeveloped points; three (or more) undeveloped points may be sufficient to enter this band at the lower level. Some material from the sources may be used as evidence to support the evaluation. The response may occasionally lack some clarity and be difficult to follow.</p> <p>An attempt is made to give an overall judgement.</p> <p><b>Level 2 (4–6) Basic response</b> Basic points about which argument is more convincing. There may be only one argument considered in any detail, with little attempt at comparison. Judgements and evaluative points are partially supported, generalised and lack clarity/relevance at times.</p> <p>The response contains two (or more) undeveloped points.</p> <p>A basic judgement may be reached.</p> <p><b>Level 1 (1–3 marks) Limited response</b> Limited and unsupported points about which argument is more convincing. The response considers the arguments briefly and/or tangentially. There is little clarity. Answers at this level may repeat source material with little understanding or simply agree/disagree with the arguments presented.</p> <p>The response may not contain any clear evaluative points.</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(c)	<p><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b> No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p> <p><i>Further Guidance – responses that give a very good evaluation of only one argument may achieve Level 3 but no higher.</i></p>	

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<p><b>Main Annotations J</b>    </p> <p>Indicative content</p> <p>Candidates are expected to make a judgement about the recommended course of action using reasons and evidence to justify their choice. Candidates may use and develop the material found in Sources 1 to 4 but should go beyond simply repeating or recycling without adaptation/interpretation. Other material may be introduced but is not necessary to gain full marks.</p> <p>Candidates may consider some of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reference to scale of impact on young people.</li> <li>• Reference to different consequences and implications for individuals/different age groups/government.</li> <li>• How long it might take to make a difference.</li> <li>• Barriers to change e.g. Power of elderly politicians.</li> <li>• The influence of individuals and groups on decision making.</li> <li>• The role of vested interests and power differences.</li> <li>• Potential conflicts of interest.</li> <li>• Difficulties in planning and coordinating improvements.</li> <li>• Cost and access to resources to implement change.</li> <li>• Other reasonable response.</li> </ul> <p>The following levels of response should be used to award marks:</p> <p><b>Level 5 (20–24 marks) Very good response</b> Clear, well supported and credible reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are clearly considered.</p> <p>The response contains a wide range of clearly reasoned points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with four (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.</p> <p>The response is well-structured and a clear judgement is reached.</p>	24

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<p><b>Level 4 (15–19 marks) Good response</b> Clear, supported and credible reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are considered.</p> <p>The response contains a range of reasoned points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with three (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.</p> <p>The response is generally well-structured and a judgement is reached.</p> <p><b>Level 3 (10–14 marks) Reasonable response</b> Some supported reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments and perspectives are included.</p> <p>The response contains some points and/or evidence to support the views expressed, with two (or more) developed points, and some undeveloped points.</p> <p>The response is structured but at times difficult to follow and an attempt is made to give an overall judgement.</p> <p><b>Level 2 (5–9 marks) Basic response</b> Basic reasoning about the recommended course of action. Different arguments are included; perspectives, if present, are unclear.</p> <p>The response relies on assertion rather than evidence but contains one (or more) developed point(s) or a range of undeveloped points.</p> <p>The response lacks structure and is difficult to follow though a basic judgement may be attempted.</p> <p><b>Level 1 (1–4 marks) Limited response</b> Limited and unsupported reasoning about the topic in general. Different arguments may be included.</p> <p><b>Level 0 (0 marks)</b> No relevant response or creditworthy material.</p>	