



Cambridge IGCSE™

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22

Paper 2 Algorithms, Programming and Logic

February/March 2023

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the February/March 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Mark scheme abbreviations

- / separates alternative words / phrases within a marking point
- // separates alternative answers within a marking point
- underline actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
- max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

Note: No marks are awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

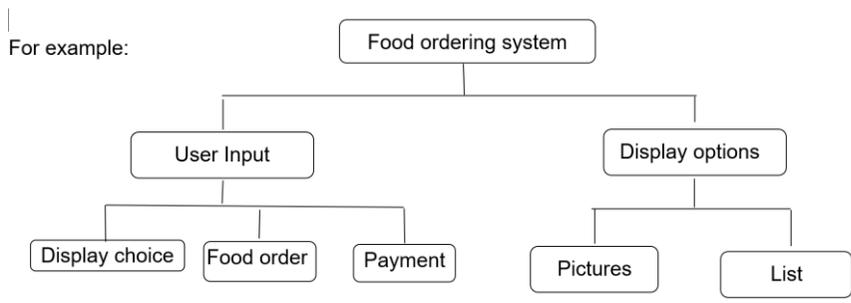
Question	Answer	Marks
1	C	1

Question	Answer	Marks												
2(a)	<p>One mark for each single correct line from a description to statement</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; border: none;">Description</th> <th style="text-align: center; border: none;">Pseudocode statement</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 30%;">a statement to count</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 70%;">FOR Count ← 1 TO 10</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">a statement to total</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">Value ← Value + NewValue</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">a statement to start a pre-condition loop</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">WHILE Value > 10 DO</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">a statement to start a post-condition loop</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">Value ← Value + 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">REPEAT</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Description	Pseudocode statement	a statement to count	FOR Count ← 1 TO 10	a statement to total	Value ← Value + NewValue	a statement to start a pre-condition loop	WHILE Value > 10 DO	a statement to start a post-condition loop	Value ← Value + 1		REPEAT	4
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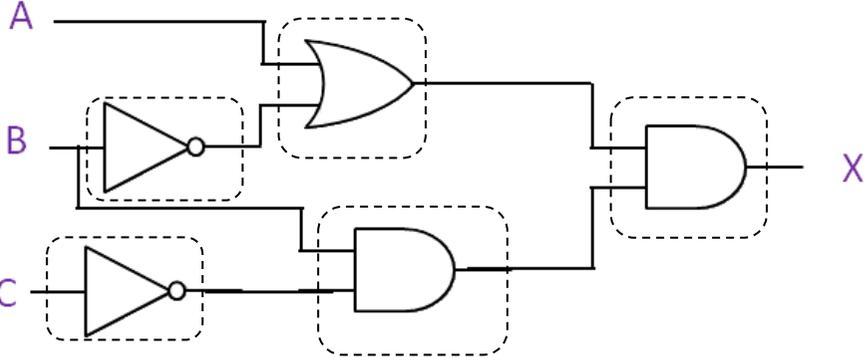
Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	<p>One mark for each point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initialisation of total to zero before loop • appropriate loop controls • totalling statement inside the loop, must use array <code>Number[]</code> with an index • calculation of average outside loop • output of average outside loop <p>Example:</p> <pre>Total ← 0 FOR Count ← 1 TO 50 Total ← Total + Number[Count] NEXT Count Average ← Total / 50 OUTPUT "The average is ", Average</pre>	5

Question	Answer	Marks
3	<p>One mark for each point max two.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • check that the program works as expected • check for logic/runtime errors • check that the program rejects any invalid data that is input • check that the program only accepts reasonable data <p>One mark for example Normal // erroneous // abnormal // extreme // boundary</p>	3

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<p>One mark for each point max three.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • variables / constants are used to store items of data • the data stored in variables / constants are accessed by an identifier // named data stores • the value of a variable may change during the execution of a program • the value of a constant will remain the same during the execution of a program 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
5	<p>One mark for a suitable hierarchical structure One mark for suitable names for the sub systems for user input and display options One mark for sub systems for user inputs, (choice of display,) food order and payment One mark for sub systems for display output types, pictures and list</p> <p>For example:</p>  <pre> graph TD A[Food ordering system] --> B[User Input] A --> C[Display options] B --> D[Display choice] B --> E[Food order] B --> F[Payment] C --> G[Pictures] C --> H[List] </pre>	4

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	<p>One mark for each error identified and correction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Line 05 OUTPUT UsefulEnergyOut should be INPUT UsefulEnergyOut Line 06 IF TotalEnergyIn <> -1 AND UsefulEnergy <> -1 should be: IF TotalEnergyIn <> -1 AND UsefulEnergyOut <> -1 Line 11 UNTIL TotalEnergyIn <> -1 OR UsefulEnergyOut <> -1 should be: UNTIL TotalEnergyIn = -1 OR UsefulEnergyOut = -1 	3
6(b)	<p>One mark for checking for >= 92 One mark for outputting "A-rated" only if the condition is met For example IF Efficiency >= 92 THEN OUTPUT "A-rated" ENDIF</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	<p>One mark for each correct gate, with the correct inputs as shown.</p> 	5

Question	Answer				Marks
7(b)	A	B	C	X	4
	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	1	0	
	0	1	0	0	
	0	1	1	0	
	1	0	0	0	
	1	0	1	0	
	1	1	0	1	
	1	1	1	0	
	4 marks for 8 correct outputs 3 marks for 6/7 correct outputs 2 marks for 4/5 correct outputs 1 mark for 2/3 correct outputs				

Question	Answer					Marks																																													
8(a)	<table border="1" data-bbox="461 217 1680 801"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="461 217 698 282">NumberSales</th> <th data-bbox="698 217 896 282">Total</th> <th data-bbox="896 217 1097 282">SaleValue</th> <th data-bbox="1097 217 1299 282">Average</th> <th data-bbox="1299 217 1680 282">OUTPUT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 282 698 347">0</td> <td data-bbox="698 282 896 347">0</td> <td data-bbox="896 282 1097 347"></td> <td data-bbox="1097 282 1299 347"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 282 1680 347"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 347 698 413">1</td> <td data-bbox="698 347 896 413">5.50</td> <td data-bbox="896 347 1097 413">5.50</td> <td data-bbox="1097 347 1299 413"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 347 1680 413"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 413 698 478">2</td> <td data-bbox="698 413 896 478">8.90</td> <td data-bbox="896 413 1097 478">3.40</td> <td data-bbox="1097 413 1299 478"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 413 1680 478"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 478 698 544">3</td> <td data-bbox="698 478 896 544">15.15</td> <td data-bbox="896 478 1097 544">6.25</td> <td data-bbox="1097 478 1299 544"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 478 1680 544"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 544 698 609">4</td> <td data-bbox="698 544 896 609">19.00</td> <td data-bbox="896 544 1097 609">3.85</td> <td data-bbox="1097 544 1299 609"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 544 1680 609"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 609 698 675">5</td> <td data-bbox="698 609 896 675">8.00</td> <td data-bbox="896 609 1097 675">-11.00</td> <td data-bbox="1097 609 1299 675"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 609 1680 675"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 675 698 740"></td> <td data-bbox="698 675 896 740"></td> <td data-bbox="896 675 1097 740">0</td> <td data-bbox="1097 675 1299 740">1.6</td> <td data-bbox="1299 675 1680 740">Average sale value 1.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="461 740 698 801"></td> <td data-bbox="698 740 896 801"></td> <td data-bbox="896 740 1097 801"></td> <td data-bbox="1097 740 1299 801"></td> <td data-bbox="1299 740 1680 801"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="338 836 1178 868">One mark for each column NumberSales, Total, SaleValue</p> <p data-bbox="338 874 943 906">One mark for columns Average and OUTPUT</p>					NumberSales	Total	SaleValue	Average	OUTPUT	0	0				1	5.50	5.50			2	8.90	3.40			3	15.15	6.25			4	19.00	3.85			5	8.00	-11.00					0	1.6	Average sale value 1.6						4
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		0	1.6	Average sale value 1.6																																															
8(b)	<p data-bbox="338 943 1603 1007">Error – one mark for identification of error for example including negative numbers / not differentiation between negative and positive values</p> <p data-bbox="338 1011 495 1038">Correction</p> <p data-bbox="338 1043 1234 1075">One mark for correct placement and one mark for appropriate action</p> <p data-bbox="338 1080 1402 1112">For example – after the input box insert a decision box to reject negative numbers</p>					3																																													

Question	Answer	Marks										
9(a)	20	1										
9(b)(i)	CatNo	1										
9(b)(ii)	It is a unique identifier // no repeated values	1										
9(c)	<p>Two marks for 4 correct data types or one mark for 2 or 3 correct data types</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="703 443 1570 772"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="703 443 911 512">Field</th> <th data-bbox="911 443 1570 512">Data type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="703 512 911 576">CatNo</td> <td data-bbox="911 512 1570 576">Text/Alphanumeric</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="703 576 911 639">Title</td> <td data-bbox="911 576 1570 639">Text/alphanumeric</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="703 639 911 703">Fiction</td> <td data-bbox="911 639 1570 703">Boolean</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="703 703 911 772">Price</td> <td data-bbox="911 703 1570 772">Real</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Field	Data type	CatNo	Text/Alphanumeric	Title	Text/alphanumeric	Fiction	Boolean	Price	Real	2
Field	Data type											
CatNo	Text/Alphanumeric											
Title	Text/alphanumeric											
Fiction	Boolean											
Price	Real											
9(d)	<p>One mark for each correct row</p> <table data-bbox="394 836 1055 900"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="394 836 517 868">BK08</td> <td data-bbox="517 836 920 868">The Princesses' Story</td> <td data-bbox="920 836 1055 868">B Penn</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="394 868 517 900">BK31</td> <td data-bbox="517 868 920 900">Networking for Beginners</td> <td data-bbox="920 868 1055 900">A Smith</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BK08	The Princesses' Story	B Penn	BK31	Networking for Beginners	A Smith	2				
BK08	The Princesses' Story	B Penn										
BK31	Networking for Beginners	A Smith										
9(e)	<p>One mark if two correct or two marks if completely correct</p> <p>Title BookList Author = "B Penn" // Author = 'B Penn' // Author Like "B Penn"</p>	2										

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	<p>One mark for each correct line DECLARE X : INTEGER DECLARE Y : REAL DECLARE Z : BOOLEAN</p>	3
10(b)	<p>One mark for using FUNCTION and ENDFUNCTION and RETURNS BOOLEAN One mark for naming the function Same One mark for defining the two parameters correctly One mark for comparing the two parameters using ROUND One mark for correctly returning TRUE and FALSE One mark for correct function call</p> <p>Example definition: FUNCTION Same(A : INTEGER, B : REAL) RETURNS BOOLEAN IF A = ROUND(B, 0) THEN RETURN TRUE ELSE RETURN FALSE ENDIF ENDFUNCTION</p> <p>Example call: Z ← Same(X, Y)</p>	6
10(c)	<p>A function is defined once and called many times or Define – setting up the function and call is using a function</p>	1

Question	Answer	Marks														
11	<p>Read and understand the question before starting to mark any scripts. Read the whole answer before marking a script: Check if each requirement listed below has been met. Requirements may be met using a suitable built-in function from the programming language used (Python, VB.NET or Java)</p> <p>On script if requirement met add seen, NE if partial attempt, cross if no attempt (see marked scripts).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="342 384 777 552"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">R1</td> <td>R1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R2</td> <td>R2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">R3</td> <td>R3</td> </tr> </table> <p>Use the tables for A02 and A03 below to award a mark in a suitable band using a best fit approach, then add up the total. Marks are available for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A02 (maximum 9 marks) • A03 (maximum 6 marks) <table border="1" data-bbox="817 663 1525 767"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">A2</td> <td>A2</td> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">✓ 1</td> <td>Tick 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">A3</td> <td>A3</td> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">✓ 9</td> <td>Tick 9</td> </tr> </table> <p>Data Structures required with names as given in the scenario Arrays or lists <u>TeamName</u>, <u>TeamPoints</u> Variables <u>LeagueSize</u>, <u>MatchNo</u></p> <p>Requirements (techniques) R1 calculates total points for all matches played by each team (nested iteration, totalling) R2 counts and outputs, with the team’s name, for each team the total number of away wins, home wins, drawn matches and lost matches (nested iteration, counting, output) R3 finds and outputs the name of the team with the highest number of points and the name of the team with the lowest number of points. (output, selection)</p>	R1	R1	R2	R2	R3	R3	A2	A2	✓ 1	Tick 1	A3	A3	✓ 9	Tick 9	15
R1	R1															
R2	R2															
R3	R3															
A2	A2	✓ 1	Tick 1													
A3	A3	✓ 9	Tick 9													

Question	Answer	Marks
11	<p>Example 15-mark answer in pseudocode:</p> <pre>// meaningful identifier names and appropriate data structures to store the data required DECLARE TeamCounter : INTEGER DECLARE MatchCounter : INTEGER FOR TeamCounter ← 1 to LeagueSize // zero totals for each club's results TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ← 0 NEXT TeamCounter FOR TeamCounter ← 1 TO LeagueSize AwayWinNo ← 0 // zero totals for each club's result details HomeWinNo ← 0 DrawNo ← 0 LostNo ← 0 FOR MatchCounter ← 1 TO MatchNo TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] + TeamPoints[TeamCounter, MatchCounter] CASE OF TeamPoints[TeamCounter, MatchCounter] 3 : AwayWinNo ← AwayWinNo + 1 2 : HomeWinNo ← HomeWinNo + 1 1 : DrawNo ← DrawNo + 1 0 : LostNo ← LostNo + 1 ENDCASE NEXT MatchCounter OUTPUT "Team ", TeamName[TeamCounter] // Output details of a team's results OUTPUT "Total points ", TotalResult[TeamCounter] OUTPUT "Away wins ", AwayWinNo OUTPUT "Home wins ", HomeWinNo OUTPUT "Draws ", DrawNo OUTPUT "Losses ", LostNo</pre>	

Question	Answer	Marks
11	<pre> // Check for highest and lowest results IF TeamCounter = 1 THEN HighestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] LowestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] ENDIF IF TotalPoints[TeamCounter] > HighestResult THEN HighestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] TopTeam ← TeamCounter ENDIF IF TotalPoints[TeamCounter] < LowestResult THEN LowestResult ← TotalPoints[TeamCounter] BottomTeam ← TeamCounter ENDIF NEXT TeamCounter // output names of the teams with the highest and lowest number of points OUTPUT "Top Team ", TeamName[TopTeam] OUTPUT "Bottom Team ", TeamName[BottomTeam] </pre>	

Marking Instructions in italics			
AO2: Apply knowledge and understanding of the principles and concepts of computer science to a given context, including the analysis and design of computational or programming problems			
0	1–3	4–6	7–9
No creditable response.	At least one programming technique has been used. <i>Any use of selection, iteration, counting, totalling, input and output.</i>	Some programming techniques used are appropriate to the problem. <i>More than one technique seen applied to the scenario, check list of techniques needed.</i>	The range of programming techniques used is appropriate to the problem. <i>All criteria stated for the scenario have been covered by the use of appropriate programming techniques, check list of techniques needed.</i>
	Some data has been stored but not appropriately. <i>Any use of variables or arrays or other language dependent data structures e.g. Python lists.</i>	Some of the data structures chosen are appropriate and store some of the data required. <i>More than one data structure used to store data required by the scenario.</i>	The data structures chosen are appropriate and store all the data required. <i>The data structures used store all the data required by the scenario.</i>

Marking Instructions in italics			
AO3: Provide solutions to problems by: evaluating computer systems			
	making reasoned judgements		presenting conclusions
0	1–2	3–4	5–6
No creditable response.	Program seen without relevant comments.	Program seen with some relevant comment(s).	The program has been fully commented
	Some identifier names used are appropriate. <i>Some of the data structures used have meaningful names.</i>	The majority of identifiers used are appropriately named. <i>Most of the data structures used have meaningful names.</i>	Suitable identifiers with names meaningful to their purpose have been used throughout. <i>All of the data structures used have meaningful names.</i>
	The solution is illogical.	The solution contains parts that may be illogical.	The program is in a logical order.
	The solution is inaccurate in many places. <i>Solution contains few lines of code with errors that attempt to perform a task given in the scenario.</i>	The solution contains parts that are inaccurate. <i>Solution contains lines of code with some errors that logically perform tasks given in the scenario. Ignore minor syntax errors.</i>	The solution is accurate. <i>Solution logically performs all the tasks given in the scenario. Ignore minor syntax errors.</i>
	The solution attempts at least one of the requirements. <i>Solution contains lines of code that attempt at least one task given in the scenario.</i>	The solution meets most of the requirements. <i>Solution contains lines of code that perform most tasks given in the scenario.</i>	The solution meets all the requirements given in the question. <i>Solution performs all the tasks given in the scenario.</i>