

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

CHEMISTRY 0620/13

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

May/June 2024

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

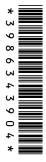
#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



- 1 Which two processes are required to change ice into steam?
  - A boiling and melting
  - B boiling and freezing
  - **C** condensing and melting
  - **D** condensing and freezing
- **2** Which row describes how the volume of a gas changes when the temperature increases, or when the pressure increases?

	temperature increases	pressure increases
Α	volume decreases	volume decreases
В	volume decreases	volume increases
С	volume increases	volume decreases
D	volume increases	volume increases

- **3** Four substances in a mixture are listed.
  - calcium nitrate
  - iron(II) sulfate
  - oxygen
  - water

Which statement describes the mixture?

- **A** It contains 6 elements.
- **B** It contains 3 compounds and 1 element.
- **C** It contains 2 compounds and 2 elements.
- **D** It contains 4 compounds.

2 only

**D** 2 and 3

4 An ion is represented by the symbol  ${}^{18}_{8}O^{2-}$ .

Which statements about this ion are correct?

- 1 The ion contains 8 electrons.
- 2 The ion contains 10 neutrons.
- 3 The ion contains 8 protons.
- What is the meaning of the term nucleon number?

1 and 2

5

**A** the number of neutrons in the nucleus of an atom

**B** 1 and 3

- **B** the number of protons in the nucleus of an atom
- **C** the total number of protons and electrons in the nucleus of an atom
- **D** the total number of protons and neutrons in the nucleus of an atom
- **6** Which row describes the electrical conductivity of covalent and ionic compounds when solid and when molten?

	covalent compounds		ionic compounds		
	conductivity when solid	conductivity when molten	conductivity when solid	conductivity when molten	
Α	×	×	×	1	key
В	×	✓	×	✓	✓ = good conductivity
С	✓	✓	×	×	x = poor conductivity
D	×	✓	✓	✓	

- 7 Which statement about the bonding in sodium chloride is correct?
  - **A** The sodium and chlorine atoms share pairs of electrons.
  - **B** The chlorine atoms give electrons to the sodium atoms to form positive and negative ions.
  - **C** There is covalent bonding between sodium and chlorine.
  - **D** The positive and negative ions have noble gas electronic configurations.

8 The diagram shows the arrangement of carbon atoms in a giant covalent structure.



Which row identifies the substance and describes a use of this substance?

	substance	use of substance
Α	diamond	It is an electrode because electrons can move.
В	diamond	It is used as a cutting tool because atoms are strongly bonded together.
С	graphite	It is used as an insulator because electrons cannot move.
D	graphite	It is a lubricant because atoms can slide over each other.

- **9** Which statement is the correct definition for molecular formula?
  - A an atom or group of atoms that determine the chemical properties of a compound
  - B a structure which shows all the atoms and all the bonds in a compound
  - **C** the number and arrangement of different atoms in one gram of a compound
  - **D** the number and type of different atoms in one molecule of a compound
- **10** A compound, T, has the formula  $CH_3Cl$ .

Three statements about this compound are listed.

- 1 A molecule of the compound contains five atoms.
- 2 A molecule of the compound contains five different elements.
- 3 The relative molecular mass of the compound is 50.5.

Which statements are correct?

**A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

11 Iron water taps are often electroplated with a layer of chromium.

Which statements explain why iron water taps are electroplated?

- 1 It improves the appearance of the taps.
- 2 It increases the strength of the taps.
- 3 It prevents the corrosion of the taps.
- 4 It improves the electrical conductivity of the taps.
- **A** 1 and 3
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- 2 and 4

**12** Molten caesium bromide is electrolysed using inert electrodes.

Which row identifies the product at each electrode?

	anode	cathode
Α	bromine	caesium
В	caesium	bromine
С	hydrogen	oxygen
D	oxygen	hydrogen

13 Which equation represents the overall reaction in a hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell?

**A** 4H + 
$$O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$$

$$\textbf{B} \quad 2 \text{H}_2 \quad + \quad \text{O}_2 \quad \rightarrow \quad 2 \text{H}_2 \text{O}$$

$$\textbf{C} \quad \textbf{H}_2 \quad \textbf{+} \quad \textbf{O}_2 \quad \rightarrow \quad \textbf{H}_2 \textbf{O}$$

**D** 
$$2H + O \rightarrow H_2O$$

- **14** Which statements about endothermic reactions are correct?
  - 1 The energy of the products is greater than the energy of the reactants.
  - 2 The energy of the reactants is greater than the energy of the products.
  - 3 The temperature of the surroundings increases during the reaction.
  - 4 The temperature of the surroundings decreases during the reaction.
  - **A** 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

- 15 Which process is a physical change?
  - A firework exploding
  - B burning wood
  - C chocolate melting
  - **D** iron rusting
- **16** Magnesium reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid, HC*l*, to produce hydrogen gas.

Which row identifies the reaction conditions that give the fastest rate of reaction?

	temperature in °C	HC <i>l</i> concentration in mol/dm <sup>3</sup>	magnesium solid
Α	30	1.0	powder
В	40	2.0	powder
С	30	1.0	ribbon
D	40	2.0	ribbon

- 17 Which reaction produces a white-coloured substance?
  - A adding water to anhydrous cobalt(II) chloride
  - **B** adding water to anhydrous copper(II) sulfate
  - **C** heating hydrated cobalt(II) chloride
  - **D** heating hydrated copper(II) sulfate
- 18 In a blast furnace, iron is extracted when iron(III) oxide reacts with carbon monoxide.

The equation is shown.

$$Fe_2O_3$$
 + 3CO  $\rightarrow$  2Fe + 3CO<sub>2</sub>

Which substance is oxidised and which is reduced in this reaction?

	oxidised	reduced
Α	СО	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
В	CO <sub>2</sub>	Fe
С	Fe	CO <sub>2</sub>
D	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	СО

19 Which row shows the colours of litmus and methyl orange with solutions of acids or bases?

	solution	litmus	methyl orange
Α	acid	red	red
В	acid	blue	yellow
С	base	blue	red
D	base	red	yellow

Which ion causes the resulting mixture to be acidic?

**A** Na<sup>†</sup>

B H<sup>⁺</sup>

C OH

**D** C1<sup>-</sup>

21 Universal indicator is added to an aqueous solution of oxide X.

The indicator changes colour from green to red.

What is X?

**A** MgO

**B** CaO

 $\mathbf{C}$   $\mathbf{K}_2\mathbf{O}$ 

 $D NO_2$ 

22 Which rows identify two aqueous salts which react together to produce a precipitate?

	salt 1	salt 2
1	sodium sulfate	barium nitrate
2	sodium chloride	barium sulfate
3	barium chloride	lead(II) nitrate
4	lead(II) chloride	barium nitrate

**A** 1 and 4 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 3

**D** 2 and 4

- 23 Which statements about elements in the Periodic Table are correct?
  - 1 Elements in the same group have the same number of electrons in their outer shell.
  - 2 Elements in the same period have the same number of occupied electron shells.
  - 3 The elements are arranged in order of their atomic mass.
  - 4 Every period contains eight elements.
  - **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4
- 24 Four mixtures each contain a halogen and an aqueous sodium halide.

Which row describes what happens in the mixtures shown?

	mixture	description
A	iodine + sodium bromide	A displacement reaction occurs because iodine is more reactive than bromine.
В	bromine + sodium chloride	A displacement reaction occurs because chlorine is more reactive than bromine.
С	chlorine + sodium bromide	A displacement reaction occurs because chlorine is more reactive than bromine.
D	bromine + sodium iodide	A displacement reaction occurs because iodine is more reactive than bromine.

25 Which row describes a transition element?

	density in g/cm <sup>3</sup>	colour of chloride
Α	0.98	green
В	0.98	white
С	8.90	green
D	8.90	white

- **26** Which statement about the use of metals is correct?
  - **A** Aluminium has a high strength and high density so is used to make aircraft.
  - **B** Copper has a low melting point so is used in electrical wiring.
  - **C** Aluminium is resistant to corrosion so is used in food containers.
  - **D** Zinc is used to make the alloy stainless steel which is used in cutlery.

27 Which s	tatements	explain w	/hv stainle	ess steel is	s used in	cutlery?
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- 1 It is resistant to rusting.
- 2 It is a hard material.
- 3 It is a pure metal.
- **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- C 1 and 3 only
- **D** 2 and 3 only

### 28 Four different metals are separately mixed with an equal volume of dilute hydrochloric acid.

The table shows the rate of effervescence for each metal.

metal	rate of effervescence
calcium	very high
copper	none
iron	low
magnesium	high

What is the order of reactivity of the four metals starting with the most reactive?

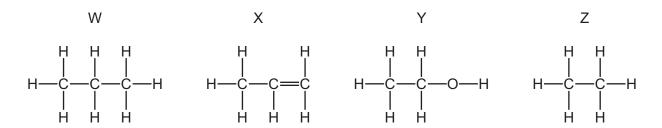
- **A** iron  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  copper
- **B** magnesium  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  copper  $\rightarrow$  iron
- **C** copper  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  calcium
- **D** calcium  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  copper

#### **29** Which statement about the rusting of iron is correct?

- **A** The rusting of iron forms hydrated iron(II) oxide.
- **B** Barrier methods prevent rusting by excluding nitrogen and water.
- **C** A piece of iron submerged in water will **not** rust.
- **D** Coating with plastic is a barrier method that prevents iron rusting.

30	wa	ter is exti	racted from	a river for u	se in a do	omestic wate	er supply.	
	Sor	me treatn	nents for do	mestic wate	r are liste	ed.		
		•	chlorinatio	n				
		•	sedimenta	tion and filtr	ation			
		•	treatment	with carbon				
	Wh	ich stateı	ment about	these treatn	nents is c	orrect?		
	A	Filtration	n is used to	remove solu	uble subs	stances.		
	В	Treatme	ent with carb	on is used	to remov	e unpleasan	t odours.	
	С	Chlorina	ation is used	I to remove	unpleasa	int tastes.		
	D	Sedime	ntation is us	ed to kill mi	crobes.			
31	A fa	armer kno	ows his soil	needs phos	phorus a	nd potassiu	m.	
	Не	has a ch	oice of four	fertilisers.				
		1	NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>					
		2	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>					
		3	KNO <sub>3</sub>					
		4	(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO					
	Wh	ich fertilis	sers should	he use?				
	A	1 and 2	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	3 and 4
32	Wh	ich strate	egies are us	eful in reduc	ing the p	roduction of	acid rain	?
		1	planting tre	ees				
		2	using cata	ytic convert	ers in mo	otor vehicles	1	
		3	reducing li	vestock farn	ning			
		4	using low-	sulfur fuels				
	Α	1 and 3	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	2 and 4

**33** The structures of four organic compounds, W, X, Y and Z, are shown.



Which compounds are members of the same homologous series?

- A W and X
- **B** W and Z
- C X and Y
- **D** Y and Z
- 34 Which molecular formula represents an alkene?
  - $A C_2H_6O$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \mathbf{C}_2\mathbf{H}_6$
- C CH₄
- $D C_3H_6$

35 Which row identifies the petroleum fractions used to reduce the friction between metal parts in engines and as a fuel in cars?

	fraction used to reduce friction in engines	fraction used as a fuel in cars
Α	gas oil	gasoline
В	gas oil	fuel oil
С	lubricating oil	fuel oil
D	lubricating oil	gasoline

- 36 Four fuels are listed.
  - 1 ethanol
  - 2 coal
  - 3 hydrogen
  - 4 natural gas

Which fuels are fossil fuels?

**A** 1, 2 and 3

**B** 1 and 3 only

**C** 2 and 4

**D** 4 only

**37** Aqueous bromine is added to two test-tubes.

Excess hexene is added to one test-tube.

Excess hexane is added to the second test-tube.

Which row describes the observation in each test-tube?

	hexene	hexane
Α	orange to colourless	orange to colourless
В	orange to colourless	remains orange
С	colourless to orange	remains colourless
D	remains orange	orange to colourless

**38** The structure of a compound, G, is shown.

G is in the same homologous series as ethanoic acid.

Which row describes an aqueous solution of G?

	produces a gas with magnesium	turns methyl orange yellow
Α	no	yes
В	no	no
С	yes	no
D	yes	yes

Which apparatus is needed to investigate the effect of temperature on the rate of this reaction?

- 1 thermometer
- 2 stop-watch
- 3 volumetric pipette
- 4 gas syringe
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4
- **40** Two tests are carried out on substance Z.
  - test 1 A flame test produces a red flame.
  - test 2 Z is dissolved in water and dilute nitric acid is added, followed by aqueous silver nitrate. A yellow precipitate is produced.

What is substance Z?

- A lithium bromide
- **B** lithium iodide
- **C** sodium bromide
- **D** sodium iodide

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The Periodic Table of Elements

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	>				7	Z	nitrogen 14	15	₾	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209	115	Mc	moscovium -	
	≥				9	O	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Ŀ	flerovium -	
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										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium —		
					_	loq	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -	
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	_				က	=	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	&	rubidium 85	22	S	caesium 133	87	Ļ	francium -	

r <sub>2</sub>	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
Vb					
e9 Tm	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	1
68 Fr	erbium 167	100	Fm	ferminm	1
67 Ho	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	_
66 Dy	dysprosium 163	86	Ç	californium	_
65 Tb	terbium 159	97	Ř	berkelium	_
64 Gd	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	_
63 Eu	europium 152	92	Am	americium	_
62 Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium	_
Pm	promethium -	93	Δ	neptunium	_
99 Z	neodymium 144	92	$\supset$	uranium	238
59 <b>Pr</b>	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
Se Oe	cerium 140	06	Ч	thorium	232
57 <b>La</b>	lanthanum 139	89	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is  $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$  at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).