

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/52

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

May/June 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1 A student investigates stationary waves with an elastic cord of circular cross-section attached to a load, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

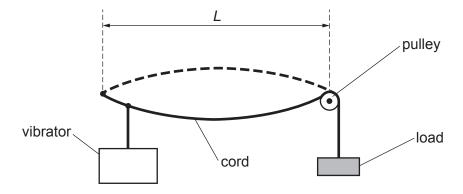


Fig. 1.1

When the frequency of the vibrator is f, the cord vibrates with the stationary wave pattern shown. The student investigates how f varies with the cross-sectional area A of the cord.

It is suggested that the relationship between f and A is

$$f = \frac{1}{2L} \sqrt{\frac{M}{kA}}$$

where *L* is the distance between the two nodes, *M* is the mass of the load and *k* is a constant.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between f and A. Explain how your results could be used to determine a value for k.

You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to:

- the procedure to be followed
- the measurements to be taken
- the control of variables
- the analysis of the data
- any safety precautions to be taken.

© UCLES 2020 9702/52/M/J/20

		•••••	
 	•••••	•••••	
 •••••	•••••	•••••	
 			[15]

2 A student investigates how the viscous force in a liquid varies with temperature.

The student releases a ball from the surface of the liquid in a container. The ball falls as shown in Fig. 2.1.

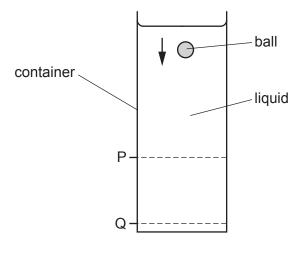


Fig. 2.1

The student determines the speed of the ball between P and Q and measures the thermodynamic temperature T of the liquid.

Viscosity is a term used to describe the viscous forces acting in a liquid. Viscosity has the unit pascal second (Pas). The viscosity η of the liquid is calculated from the speed of the ball.

The experiment is repeated for the same liquid at different temperatures.

It is suggested that η and T are related by the equation

$$\eta = He^{\left(\frac{E}{kT}\right)}$$

where *E* and *H* are constants and *k* is the Boltzmann constant.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\ln \eta$ on the *y*-axis against $\frac{1}{T}$ on the *x*-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept.

(b) Values of T and η are given in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1

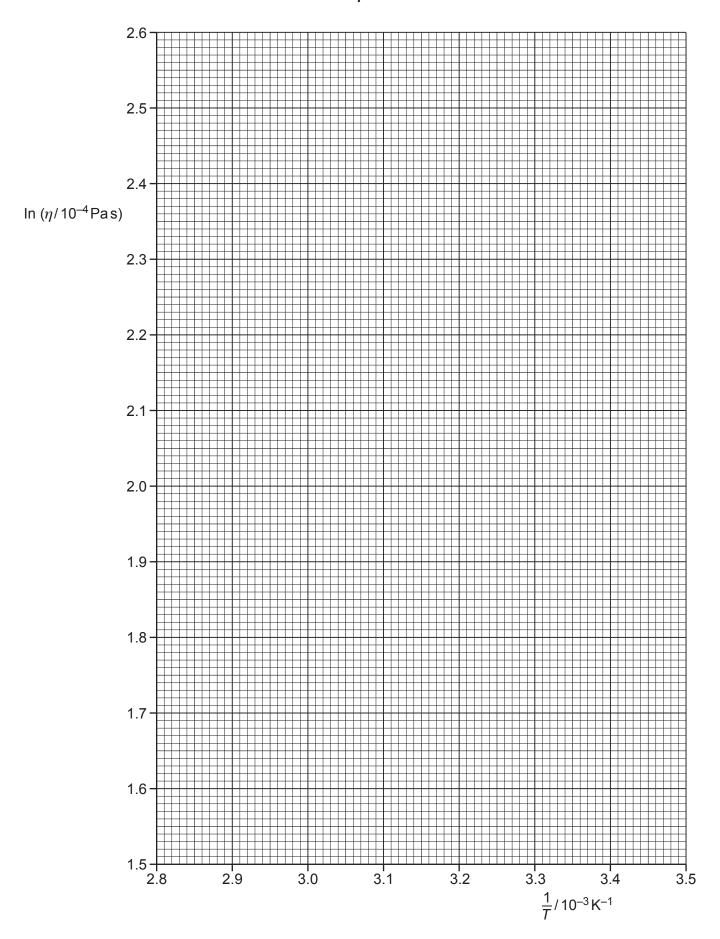
T/K	η/10 ⁻⁴ Pas	$\frac{1}{T}/10^{-3} \mathrm{K}^{-1}$	In (η/10 ⁻⁴ Pas)
292	12.3 ± 0.2	3.42	
303	9.8 ± 0.2	3.30	
311	8.4 ± 0.2	3.22	
323	6.8 ± 0.2	3.10	
335	5.6 ± 0.2	2.99	
346	4.8 ± 0.2	2.89	

Calculate and record values of $\ln (\eta/10^{-4} \text{Pa}\,\text{s})$ in Table 2.1. Include the absolute uncertainties in $\ln (\eta/10^{-4} \text{Pa}\,\text{s})$. [2]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of $\ln (\eta/10^{-4} \, \text{Pa s})$ against $\frac{1}{T}/10^{-3} \, \text{K}^{-1}$. Include error bars for $\ln \eta$. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

gradient =[2]

© UCLES 2020 9702/52/M/J/20



	(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Do not include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
		<i>y</i> -intercept =[1]
(d)	(i)	Using your answers to (a), (c)(iii) and (c)(iv), determine values of E and H . Include appropriate units.
		Data: $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$
		_
		E = H =
	(ii)	Determine the absolute uncertainty in <i>E</i> .
	()	·
		absolute uncertainty in E =[1]
(e)	De	termine the value of η for a temperature of 273 K.

 η =Pas [1]

[Total: 15]

© UCLES 2020 9702/52/M/J/20

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.